

ATG13

Reactivity: Human Mouse Rat

Tested applications: WB IHC IF

Recommended Dilution: WB 1:500 - 1:2000 IHC 1:50 - 1:200 IF 1:50 - 1:200

Calculated MW: 57kDa

Observed MW: Refer to Figures

Immunogen:

Recombinant protein of human ATG13

Storage Buffer:

Store at -20. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles. Buffer: PBS with 0.02% sodium azide, 50% glycerol, pH7.3.

Concentration:

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Synonym:

KIAA0652; ATG13; FLJ20698 ;

Catalog #: A0690

Antibody Type:

Polyclonal Antibody

Species: Rabbit

Gene ID: 9776

Isotype: IgG

Swiss Prot: O75143

Purity: Affinity purification

For research use only.

Background:

The autophagy-related protein 13 (Atg13) plays an important role in the formation of autophagosomes. Autophagosomes are formed in response to nutrient deprivation and function as the transport vesicles for organelles, proteins, and protein complexes targeted for lysosomes that digest these cargos to produce energy and nutrients. Atg13 is activated by the mTOR pathway and forms a complex with the FIP200 protein. This complex is involved in enhancing the activity of the ULK1 kinase which is required for the formation of autophagosomes. Atg13/FIP200 facilitates the localization of ULK1 to pre-autophagosomes, and subsequently stabilizes ULK1. Autophagy is an important process in development, growth, and cell differentiation, and disruption of this process may contribute to cancer, aging, and neurodegenerative diseases.

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