

TNF a Porcine

Description: Tumor Necrosis Factor- α Porcine Recombinant produced in E.Coli is a single, non-glycosylated, polypeptide chain containing 157 amino acids and having a molecular mass of 17,274 Dalton. The TNF- α is purified by standard chromatographic techniques.

Catalog #: CYPs-412

Synonyms: TNF- α , Tumor necrosis factor ligand superfamily member 2, TNF- α , Cachectin, DIF, TNFA, TNFSF2.

For research use only.

Source: Escherichia Coli.

Physical Appearance: Sterile Filtered White lyophilized (freeze-dried) powder.

Amino Acid Sequence: The sequence of the first five N-terminal amino acids was determined and was found to be Met-Leu-Arg-Ser-Ser.

Purity: Greater than 95.0% as determined by: (a) Analysis by RP-HPLC. (b) Analysis by SDS-PAGE.

Formulation:

The protein was lyophilized with no additives.

Stability:

Lyophilized Tumor Necrosis Factor- α although stable at room temperature for 3 weeks, should be stored desiccated below -18°C. Upon reconstitution TNF- α should be stored at 4°C between 2-7 days and for future use below -18°C. For long term storage it is recommended to add a carrier protein (0.1% HSA or BSA). Please prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Usage:

NeoBiolab's products are furnished for LABORATORY RESEARCH USE ONLY. The product may not be used as drugs, agricultural or pesticidal products, food additives or household chemicals.

Solubility:

It is recommended to reconstitute the lyophilized Tumor Necrosis Factor- α in sterile 18M-cm H₂O not less than 100 μ g/ml, which can then be further diluted to other aqueous solutions.

Introduction:

Tumor necrosis factor is a cytokine involved in systemic inflammation and is a member of a group of cytokines that all stimulate the acute phase reaction. TNF is mainly secreted by macrophages. TNF causes apoptotic cell death, cellular proliferation, differentiation, inflammation, tumorigenesis and viral replication, TNF is also involved in lipid metabolism, and coagulation. TNF's primary role is in the regulation of immune cells. Dysregulation and, in particular, overproduction of TNF have been implicated in a variety of human diseases- autoimmune diseases, insulin resistance, and cancer.

Biological Activity:

The ED₅₀ as determined by the cytotoxicity of porcine PK15 cells was found to be 0.001-0.015 ng/ml.

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